

















Michelle Merchant **Senior Sustainability Planner** & TACC Coalition Director

Tulsa AV Pilot Project Oklahoma Engineering Conference June 12, 2025

About INCOG

- Established in 1967
- One of 11 Councils of Governments in Oklahoma
- Services covering Creek, Osage, Rogers, Tulsa, and Wagoner counties





Community and Economic Development

Area Agency on Aging

Energy and Environmental Sustainability

Planning Services

Transportation Planning and Programs

Public Safety

Legislative Program GIS Resources and Maps











The Clean Cities Mission

Clean Cities coalitions enhance the economic, environmental, and energy security of the United States by working locally to advance affordable, domestic transportation fuels, energy efficient mobility systems, and other fuel-saving technologies and practices.





How We Work

We build partnerships with public- and private-sector transportation stakeholders and engage with communities to understand local priorities and develop community-driven solutions.

Coalition staff **offer technical assistance and hands-on problem-solving** support to fleets and communities, working to deploy clean transportation fuels and technologies based on a unique understanding of local needs.

Thriving on a culture of collaborative change, coalitions **harness decades of experience** to continue moving our transportation systems into the future.



Connect to unbiased, data-driven tools and resources



Build partnerships



Receive personalized experience rooted in local context



Collaborate on funding opportunities



Clean Cities Portfolio



Light, Medium, and Heavy-Duty Vehicles (on & off-road)



Alternative and Renewable Fuels and Infrastructure

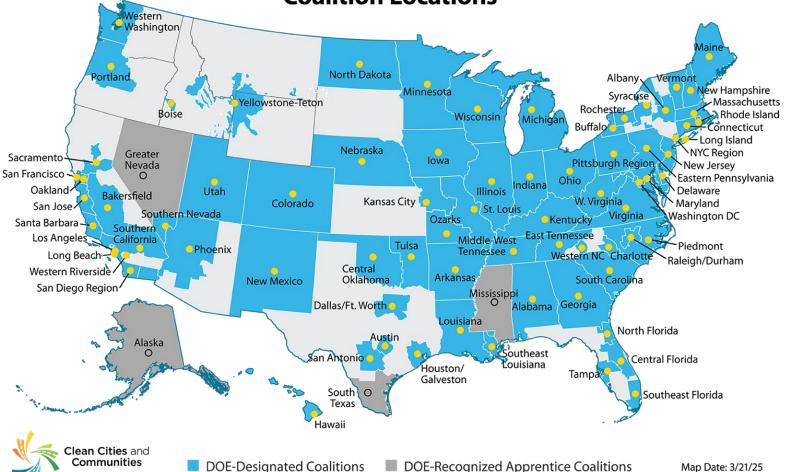


Idle Reduction
Measures and Fuel
Economy
Improvements



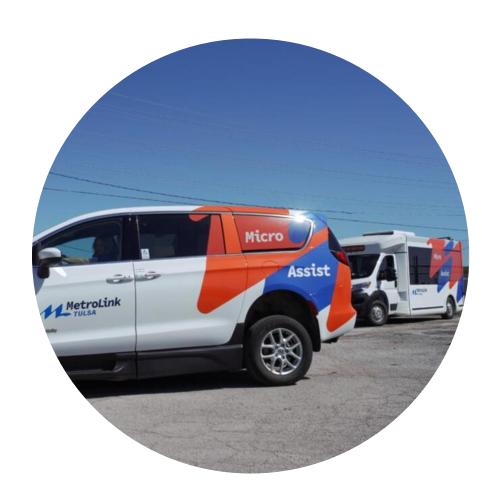
New Mobility
Choices &
Emerging
Transportation
Technologies





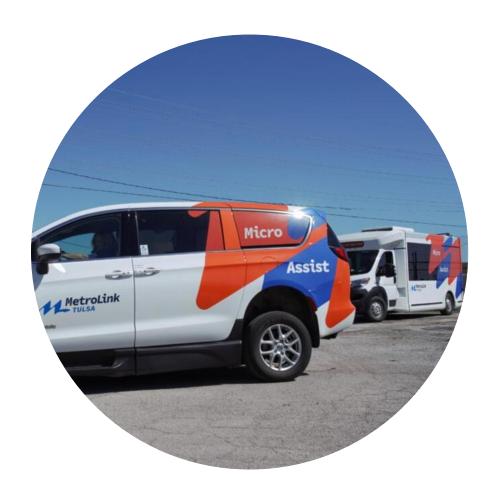
About the Tulsa AV Project

★ \$3.4 awarded by U.S. Dept of Energy's Vehicle Technologies Office in a program-wide funding opportunity announcement in FY22



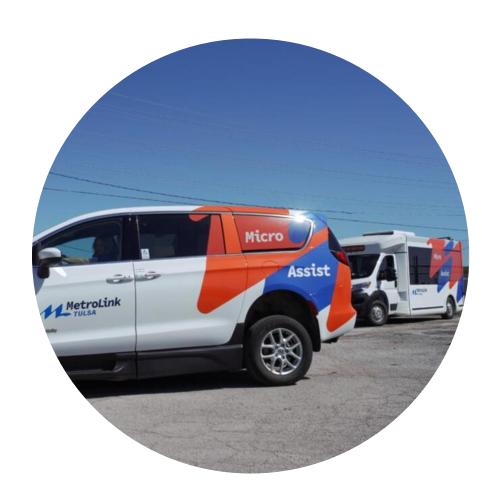
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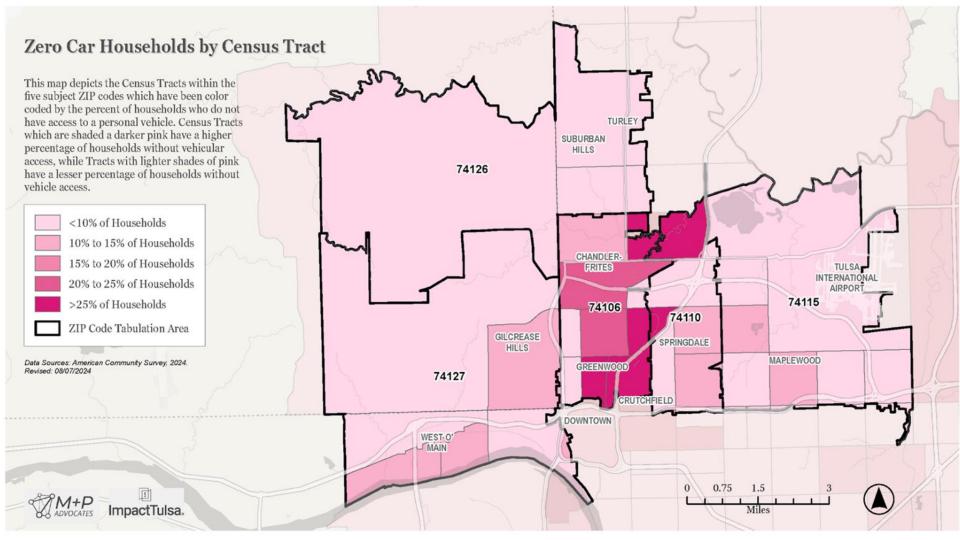
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- ★ \$3.4 awarded by U.S. Dept of Energy's Vehicle Technologies Office in a program-wide funding opportunity announcement in FY22
- ★ Topic area: Clean Energy Mobility Solutions for Underserved Communities
- ★ Exploring the use of on-demand, autonomous vehicles to improve public transportation outcomes in North Tulsa





Project Partners

Community Engagement Leads





Service Operator



Technical Teams

(dynamic routing algorithms, behavioral modeling, & technology validation)







Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology

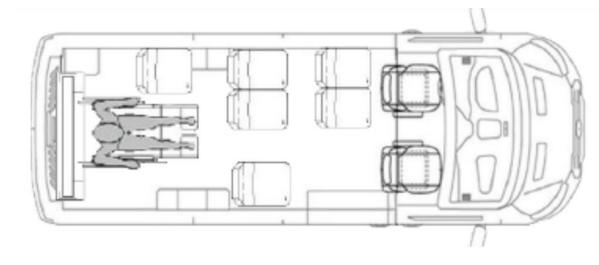
Technology Provider



Admin & Support



→ Four autonomous passenger vans





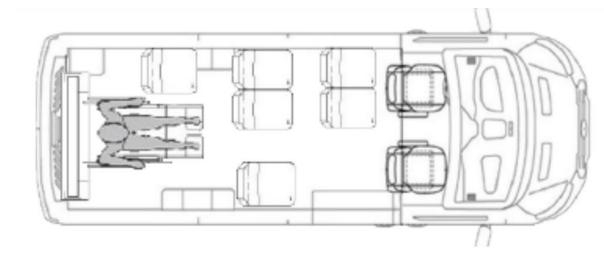
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Perrone Robotics' patented TONY
Autonomous Vehicle (AV) kit has been
proven across 40+ different vehicle
platform styles and is currently actively
deployed across the U.S. The TONY AV
kit has been incorporated in designs
from the factory and is also outfitted in
vehicles offered as turn key AV
solutions.



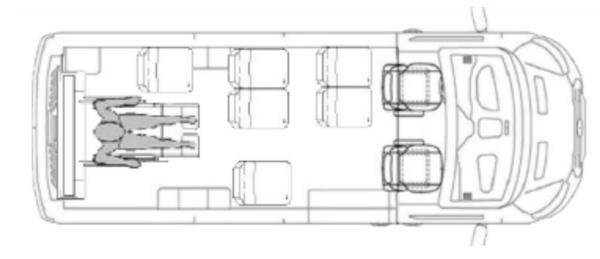


- → Four autonomous passenger vans
- → Wheelchair access via lift



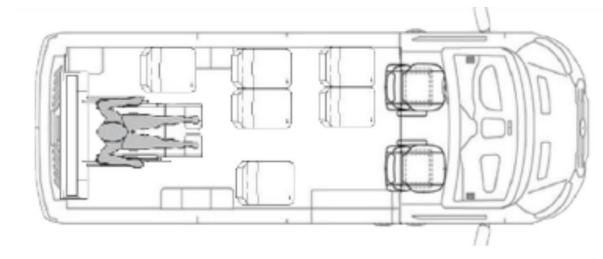


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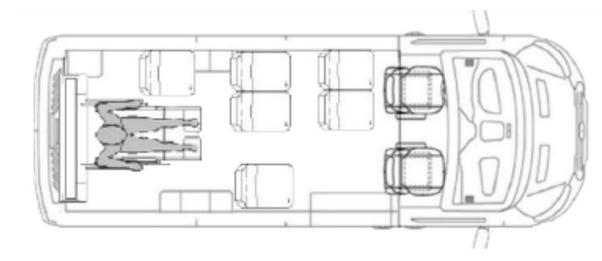


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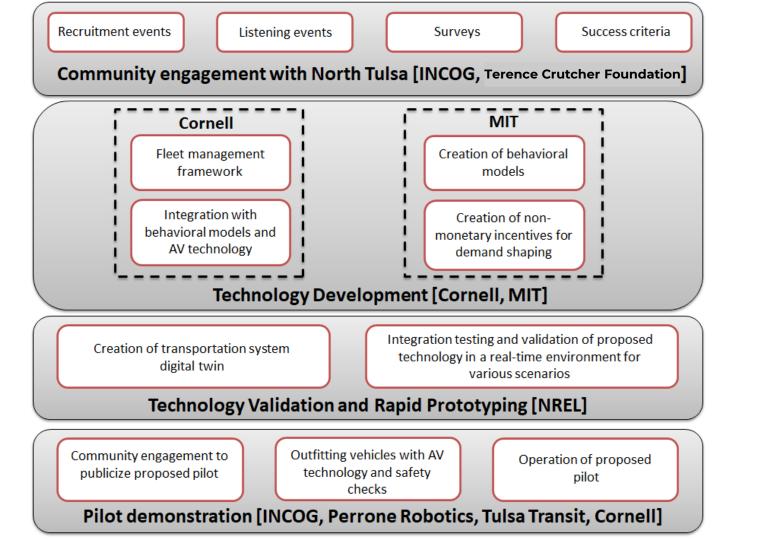




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- → Overarching goal: demonstrate that AVs in a transit setting can improve mobility outcomes in transportation-burdened areas

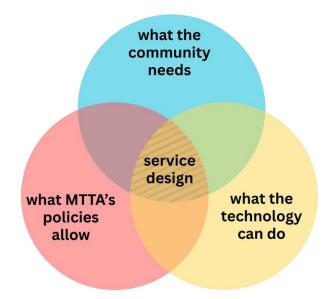






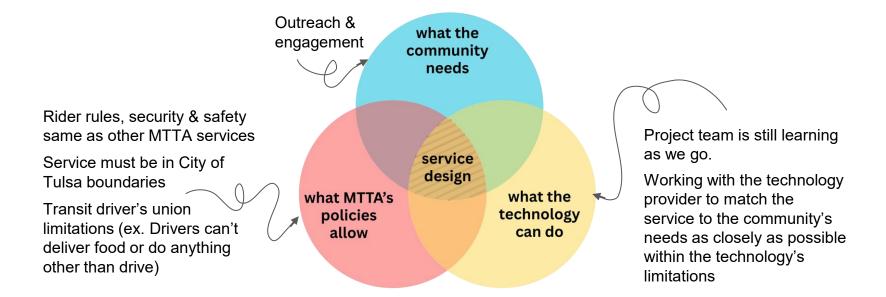
Current Stage

- → Understand current transportation service shortcomings in North Tulsa through meaningful engagement with the community
- → Design a pilot service that addresses needs identified by residents



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Community Engagement

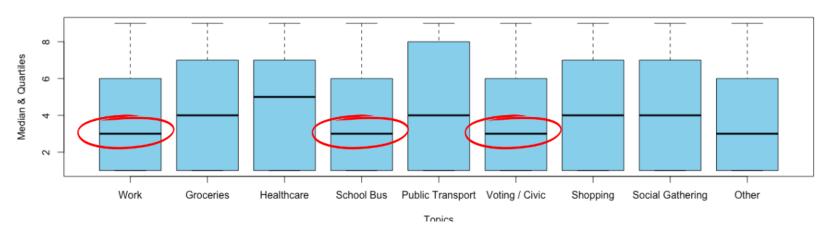
- → Community Advisory Board (guides planning, communications, methods of outreach, and interpretation of information gathered)
- → Three surveys (two analyzed, one remaining to distribute)
- → Two listening sessions

Additional activities planned in BP2 upon receiving authorization to continue

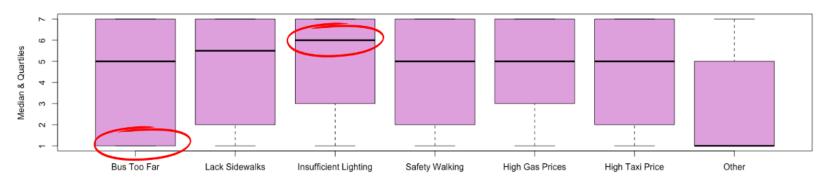


Survey 1 Findings

Overall Legacy Fest Survey Barriers Ranking



Overall Legacy Fest Survey Obstacles Ranking



Survey 2 Findings

- → Residents lacking personal vehicles experience difficulty reaching everyday services and resources
- → Top destinations respondents reported difficulty getting to were grocery stores, work, shopping, and healthcare, with these four accounting for 80% of all destination categories
- → Greatest challenge faced by North Tulsans was walking distance/time, followed by accessibility and cost.
- → One-hour bus headways, walking distance to stops, and limited service in the early mornings and late evenings limited the usefulness of public transit
- → School access was identified as a top need (middle and high schools)
- → Residents who have access to personal vehicles rarely utilize public transportation or other modes of getting around

Takeaways from Listening Sessions

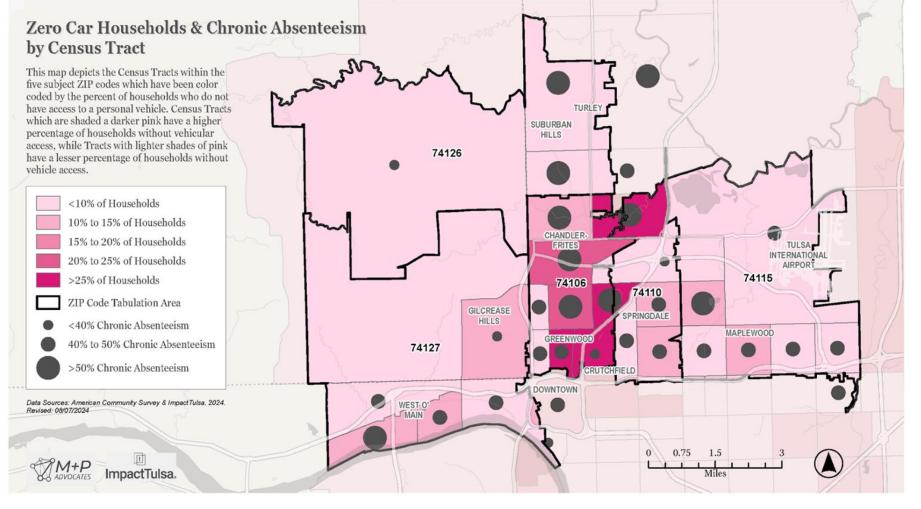
Safety

- → Walking as a mode of transportation presents major challenges due to a lack of pedestrian infrastructure
 - In Turley, participants cited major difficulty accessing bus stops because of unsafe access by walking
- → Gaps in street lighting
- → Stray dogs
- → Concern about the safety of the autonomous system
 - ◆ Deep distrust of these systems failing in low-income areas
- → Safety, comfort, and reliability are all non-negotiable—riders will not sacrifice dependability for innovation

Priorities

- → Top priorities are access to school, work, and grocery shopping
 - Space needed on-board for grocery bags
- → Early morning trips (before 6 AM) are not currently served by transit (need)
- → General desire for the service to improve convenience
- → Door-to-door service viewed favorably by locals
- → Residents would like more flexibility than is offered through existing on-demand services, which requires booking three hours ahead of a trip
- → Difficulty reaching locations in South Tulsa compared to locations in North Tulsa

Other Analysis: Neighborhood Factors



Percent of households lacking personal vehicle access in North Tulsa overlaid with chronic absenteeism rates (ImpactTulsa & American Community Survey Data, 2024)

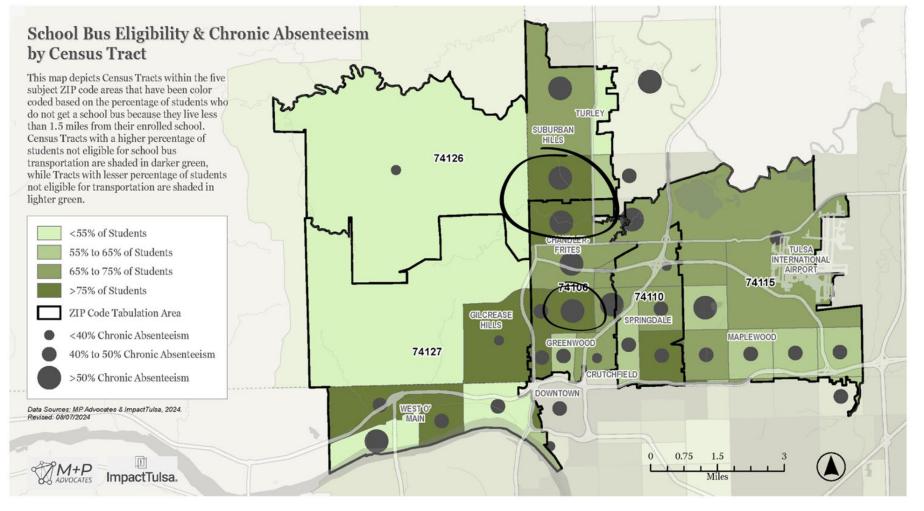
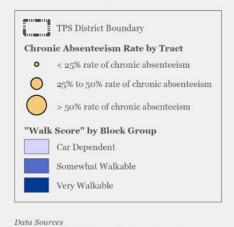


Figure 5. Map depicting school bus eligibility overlaid with chronic absenteeism rates (ImpactTulsa & American Community Survey Data, 2024)

Walk Score by Census Block Group & Absenteeism Rates by Census Tract

Categorical "neighborhood walk scores" shown by Census Block Groups; Graduated symbols represent Chronic Absenteeism rates by Census Tract.



Walk Score data: INCOG, WalkScore.com, 2018. Student data: ImpactTulsa, 2023.

04/02/24 Revision







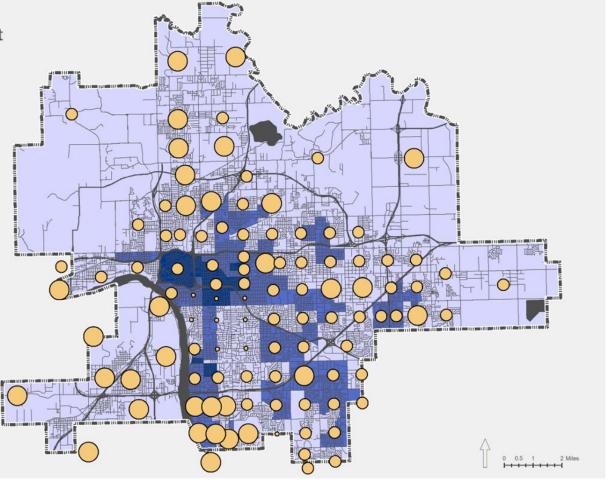


Figure 6. Map depicting walkability in North Tulsa overlaid with chronic absenteeism rates (ImpactTulsa & American Community Survey Data, 2024)

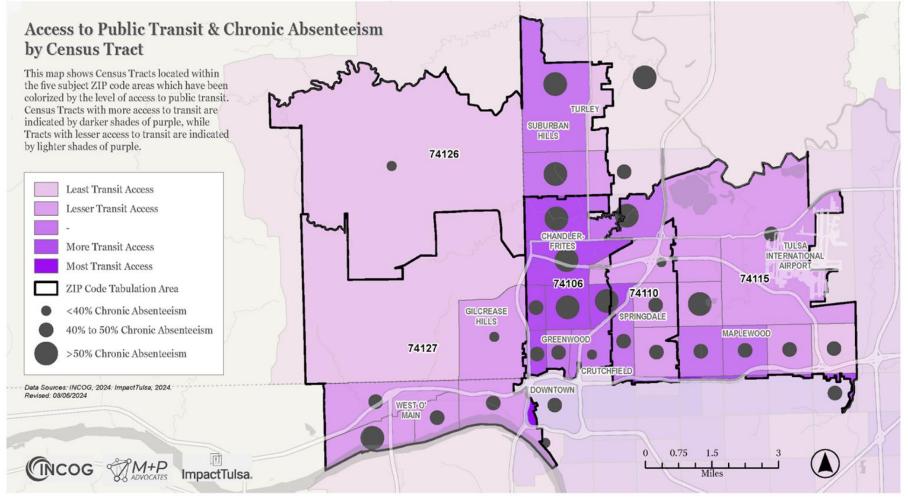


Figure 7. Map depicting levels of public transit service access in North Tulsa overlaid with chronic absenteeism rates (ImpactTulsa & American Community Survey Data, 2024)

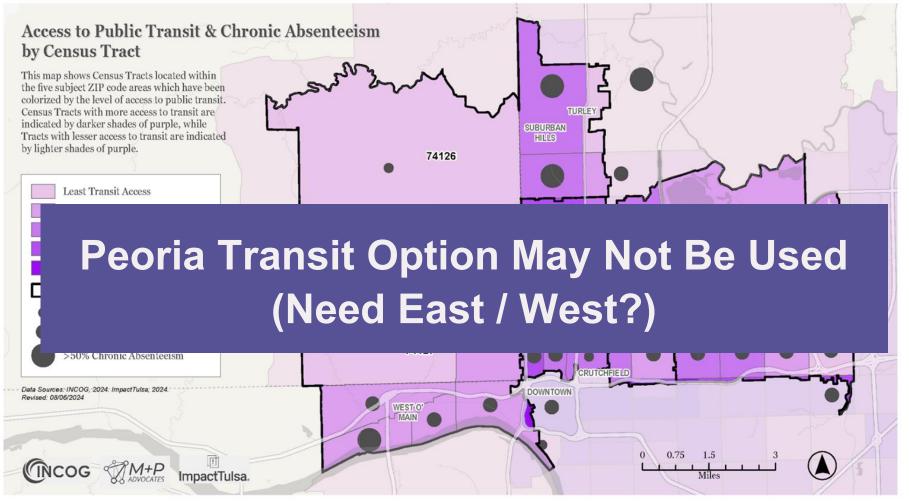
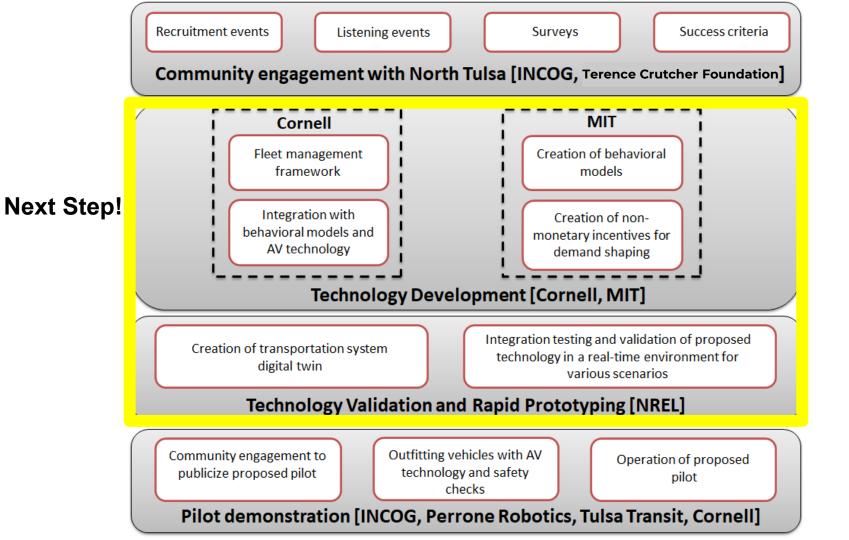


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Future Engagement Plans

- → The issue of safety will be investigated further in future listening sessions to better understand what would make riders feel safe when riding in an autonomous vehicle
- → Effective communications strategies will also be explored to identify what messaging builds trust in new transit technologies and what language might turn people away
- → The team will more closely examine competing preferences between service flexibility and expected wait times, which will inform the amount of time required between ride booking and the vehicle arriving at the pick-up site
- → We will explore which destinations and connections are most critical for this service to meet the needs of local residents, including which specific employment hubs, schools, and grocery shopping destinations the community would like this service to provide access to
- → Service design tradeoffs will be incorporated into discussions with the community to narrow in on preferences with respect to cost, wait time, walking distance, booking methods, signage, access points, and other service details (Survey 3.0)

The engagement team anticipates planning future listening sessions with focus groups of North Tulsa residents (such as transit-dependent individuals) to review specific service design options and alternatives. This approach will help to address any plans that may be in direct conflict with the needs of the community, specifically with regard to price, destinations, and accessibility.



Questions?

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